دليل باللغة الإنجليزية حول تصريح الإقامة القديم في هولندا





تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع مهاجرون

موقع مهاجرون ← هولندا ← الإقامة ← ملفات

إعداد: دائرة الهجرة والتجنيس الهولندية

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي في هولندا











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Your (old) residence permit

The Immigration and Naturalisation Service (Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst, IND) has given you permission to live in the Netherlands. Because of that, you have received a residence permit.

This flyer covers:

- The information on your residence permit.
- · Your rights under this residence permit.
- What to do after you receive your first residence permit.
- · Staying outside of the Netherlands.
- · Changes in your situation.
- · Your obligations.
- What to do if your permit is stolen, lost, damaged or includes errors.

The information on your residence permit

The **front** of your residence permit includes:

- 1. Name: your surname + first names
- 2. Expiration date: The end date of your residence permit. After this date your residence permit is not valid.
- 3. Place and date of issue: where and when you have received the residence permit.
- 4/5. Type of permit and remarks:

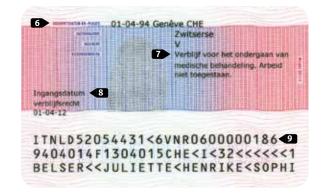
Type number (4) and right of residence (5):

- Type I: temporary regular
- · Type II: permanent regular
- Type III: temporary asylum
- Type IV: permanent asylum
- Type V: long-term EC resident
- Type EU/EER
- Type Familielid (family member) EU/EER
- Type Article 50 TEU: (Permanent) Residence document withdrawal agreement 18(1)



The **back** of your residence permit includes:

- 6. Date and place of birth
 - Nationality
 - Sex: M or F
- 7. Remarks:
 - Your residence purpose, the reason you received the residence permit.
 - Employment rights. The residence permit states if you are allowed to work in the Netherlands.
 For example, it may read 'Arbeid niet toegestaan' (work not permitted). You find more information when you log in to My IND (ind.nl/en/my-ind).
 - Public funds. There may be a remark about appeal to public funds. The IND may revoke the residence permit if, for example, you receive social benefits.
- 8. Effective date of right of residence: you have right of residence in the Netherlands starting on this date.
- V-number: the ten digits of your V-number are at the bottom of your residence permit. The number comes after the letters VNR. Your V-number is also on letters from the IND. You use the V-number when you contact the IND.



Your rights under this residence permit

- You can live in the Netherlands as long as your residence permit is valid. You must continue to meet all conditions until your permit expires. This also applies to the (recognised) sponsor. Do you or the (recognised) sponsor no longer meet the requirements? The IND can then withdraw your residence permit.
- You identify yourself with your valid residence permit in the Netherlands.
- You may stay up to 90 out of 180 days in another Schengen country, for example on holiday. You do have to take your passport and residence permit with you.
 For more information on the Schengen area visit ind.nl/schengenarea.

What to do after you receive your first residence permit

· You register with the municipality

You do this with the Personal Records Database (in Dutch: Basisregistratie Personen or BRP) of the municipality where you live if you have not done so already. When you register, the municipality will also give you a citizen service number (in Dutch: burgerservicenummer or BSN). For more information on the BSN and registration of foreign documents visit government.nl or call 1400.

You have a TB examination

On the application form, did you state that you will have yourself tested for tuberculosis (TB)? If so, make an appointment at the Municipal Health Service (in Dutch: Gemeenschappelijke Gezondheidsdienst or GGD) near you. Bring appendix 7604 - TB test referral form to the appointment. Do this as soon as possible, but at least within 3 months after you have received the residence permit.

· You take out health insurance

Have you not yet taken out health insurance in the Netherlands? Do this as soon as possible. Do you have a residence permit for study, working holiday (WHS/WHP) or cultural exchange? It is enough to have foreign health insurance with coverage in the Netherlands. Unless you are going to work. In that case you must take out Dutch health insurance. For more information visit government.nl or call 1400.

You must integrate in the Netherlands
 For more information on civic integration visit inburgeren.nl/en.

Staying outside of the Netherlands

Your main residence must be in the Netherlands. This means that you are staying in the Netherlands for most of the year. Are you staying outside the Netherlands for more than 6 months in a row? Or are you staying outside the Netherlands for more than 4 months in a row each year, for 3 years in a row? Then the IND can withdraw your residence permit, or not renew it. For more information about main residence in the Netherlands, visit ind.nl/mainresidence.

Changes in your situation

Do you no longer live with your partner or spouse? Did you quit your studies? Or are you changing universities? Do you have another employer? Or have you lost your job? Has your income changed, and do you therefore not meet the income requirements anymore? These are all changes in your situation that affect your residence permit. Therefore, you have to notify the IND of these kind of changes. Go to ind.nl/en/report-changes-in-situation.

Your obligations

You are obliged to notify the IND of changes in your situation. Legally, this is called the obligation to provide information. Also (recognised) sponsors have a few legal obligations. A sponsor is, for example, your spouse, partner, educational institution, or employer. Do you or your sponsor not meet the legal obligations? The IND can give you an administrative fine. Go to ind.nl/en/obligations-foreign-national-and-sponsor-of-family-member or ind.nl/en/obligations-of-sponsor-and-recognised-sponsor.

What to do if your permit is stolen, lost,

Has your residence permit been stolen or lost? Is the document damaged or does it contain incorrect details? Apply for a new residence permit on ind.nl/en. In the event of theft or loss, you must first report it to the police.

Processing of personal details

damaged or includes errors

The IND processes personal details when it processes your application, notification, or request. When doing so, the IND strictly adheres to the provisions of privacy legislation. On ind.nl/en/privacy you can find out how the IND processes your details and which rights you have.

Would you like to know more about your residence in the Netherlands?





ind.nl/en

log in on ind.nl/en/my-ind



088 043 04 30 (standard rate), on workdays from 9:00 to 17:00. From abroad please call +31 88 043 04 30.



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